Course Description: This course examines the links between economic and ecological systems with an emphasis on the interplay between values and institutions in addressing environmental problems. Concepts pertaining to welfare economics, common pool resources, ecosystem valuation, and environmental ethics are developed and applied to problems such as fisheries and forest management, biodiversity conservation, and global environmental change. The course emphasizes the relationship between economic growth, ecosystem services, and human flourishing in the definition and pursuit of sustainable development.

Prerequisites: The course is aimed at students who have a basic knowledge of environmental issues (Environmental Studies 2 or 3), microeconomics (Economics 1 or 2), and good math skills (Mathematics 3). While students with weaknesses in one of these areas can succeed in the course, a grasp of either basic economics or calculus is especially important.

Course Requirements: Course evaluations will be based on four homework assignments (10%), a midterm (30%), a final examination (30%), and an 8-10 page paper (30%). Papers will assess the peer-reviewed literature on a topic of your choosing that is relevant to the course and that engages with your overall academic interests. See the “Guidelines for Final Papers” on p. 5.

Teaching Assistant: Morgan Peach (Morgan.E.Peach@dartmouth.edu) is the graduate student teaching assistant for this class. His office hours will be held on Mondays at 11:30-12:30, Tuesdays at 1:30-2:30, and by appointment in 110 Steele.

Readings: The textbook for this course – Environmental and Natural Resource Economics: A Contemporary Approach by Jonathan M. Harris and Kevin Roach (4th edition, Routledge, 2018) – is available at Wheelock Books. In addition, the course makes extensive use of supplementary readings, which may be accessed by following the hyperlinks provided in this syllabus.

Disabilities and Religious Observances: Students with disabilities should contact the instructor during office hours to discuss the accommodations they require to succeed in the course. Students who need accommodations in order to participate in religious observances that occur during the term should also confer with the instructor by the end of the second week.

Academic honor: Students may discuss homework assignments with each other provided that the work they submit for credit is their own. For a math problem, this means that you should understand each step involved in the solution and be able to reproduce it independently. Papers must be written by the student and reflect his or her own interpretation of the subject matter. Under Dartmouth’s Academic Honor Principle, it is impermissible to give or receive assistance during an examination.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reading Notes</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>1/3</td>
<td>Introduction and overview</td>
<td><strong>Reading:</strong> Harris and Roach, ch. 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>1/5</td>
<td>Ethical foundations</td>
<td><strong>Reading:</strong> R. Eriksson and J.O. Andersson, “Ethics and Ecological Economics,” ch. 3 in <em>Elements of Ecological Economics</em>, Routledge, New York, 2010. (<a href="#">link</a>)</td>
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<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>1/8</td>
<td>Efficiency, equity, and the market</td>
<td><strong>Reading:</strong> Harris and Roach, Appendix 3.1 (pp. 68-76).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>1/10</td>
<td>Externality theory</td>
<td><strong>Reading:</strong> Harris and Roach, ch. 3.</td>
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| F   | 1/12 | Common pool resources                       | **Guest lecturer:** Prof. Michael Cox  
**Reading:** Harris and Roach, ch. 4.                                      |
| M   | 1/15 | No Class – MLK Day                         |                                                                                |
| W   | 1/17 | Bioeconomic modeling (**Homework #1 due**) | **Reading:** Harris and Roach, ch. 18.                                        |
| Th  | 1/18 | Working with Excel (**X-hour**)            |                                                                                |
| F   | 1/19 | Fisheries management                       | **Reading:** R. Hilborn, “Moving to Sustainability by Learning from Successful Fisheries,” *Ambio*, vol. 36, pp. 296-303, 2007. ([link](#)) |
| M   | 1/22 | Nonmarket valuation                        | **Reading:** Harris and Roach, ch. 6 **and** section 7.3 (pp. 157-159).       |
M 1/29 Income and well-being

W 1/31 Cost-benefit analysis and the policy process

Th 2/1 Review session (X-hour)

F 2/2 Midterm examination

M 2/5 Discounting the future

W 2/7 Nonrenewable resources
Reading: Harris and Roach, ch. 5

F 2/9 Energy transitions

M 2/12 Discounting and conservation
Reading: Harris and Roach, ch. 19.

W 2/14 Discounting and climate change (Homework #3 due)

F 2/16 Forests and climate change
Guest lecturer: Prof. David Lutz
Reading: TBA

M 2/19 Limits to growth?
Reading: Harris and Roach, ch. 2

W 2/21 Neoclassical growth theory and weak sustainability
F 2/23  Natural resource accounting (*Homework #4 due*)
Reading: Harris and Roach, ch. 10

M 2/26  Strong sustainability

W 2/28  Social metabolism and “degrowth”

F 3/2  Green growth and globalization
Reading: Harris and Roach, sections 14.1-14.2 (pp. 375-385) and ch. 21.

M 3/5  Ecological economics – ways forward (*Final paper due*)

M 3/12  *Final examination*
8:00 a.m., location to be announced
GUIDELINES FOR FINAL PAPERS

Paper Topics

Your final paper should present a review essay on the state of the peer-reviewed literature on a topic of your choosing that is relevant to this course and that engages with your overall academic interests. Because ecological economics is an interdisciplinary field that draws on concepts and methods from ecology, economics, and environmental social science, the range of potential topics is broad.

One option is to focus on a current problem in environmental governance and how it is approached in the research literature. For example, a paper might explore the ecological, economic, and institutional dimensions of elephant conservation in sub-Saharan Africa, and the relative effectiveness of the ivory trade ban under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species.

Alternatively, you might choose a topic that is more conceptual or methodological in nature. A paper might, for example, explore the potential to save energy through the adoption of cost-effective energy-efficient technologies, and the behavioral and institutional barriers to technology adoption.

In researching and writing your paper, please pay attention to the following points:

- Your paper should cite a minimum of ten published articles, books, or working papers. Avoid citing web sites, news stories, and magazine articles unless they are important to your line of reasoning and are not backed up by an underlying primary source.
- Assume that your audience consists of researchers and/or policy professionals. These readers may not know the specifics of your topic, but generally will have a broad knowledge of ecological economics and environmental studies.
- Use Google Scholar and/or the Web of Science to identify topics and publications in the research literature. Note that standard internet search engines are not good at finding peer-reviewed publications, which are often copyrighted and hence available only on specialized web servers.
- You might also browse for articles in journals such as Ecological Economics, Climatic Change, Ecology and Society, Energy Policy, and Global Environmental Change. The specific source doesn’t matter as long as the topic in question is both interesting to you and (broadly) relevant to the course. Most journals at Dartmouth can be accessed online via the library web site.

Style

- Papers should be 8-10 pages in length with one-inch margins, double spacing, and 12-point fonts.
- Give your paper a title, and organize it in sections, including an introduction, a conclusion, a reference list, and sections in between that address discrete issues or themes.
- Include page numbers throughout your document.
- Use the author/date citation and reference style, following the APA format or the style used in Ecological Economics.